Hardness, Calcium and Magnesium

DOC316.53.01043

Method 8030

Calmagite Colorimetric Method

0.05 to 4.00 mg/L Ca and Mg as CaCO₃

Scope and application: For water, wastewater and seawater.

Test preparation

Instrument specific information

The table in this section shows all of the instruments that have the program for this test. Table 1 shows sample cell and orientation requirements for reagent addition tests, such as powder pillow or bulk reagent tests.

To use the table, select an instrument, then read across to find the corresponding information for this test.

| Table 1 Instrument-specific information for reagent solutio | Table 1 | Instrument-s | pecific information | for reagent solution |
|---|---------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|
|---|---------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|

| Instrument | Sample cell orientation | Sample cell |
|------------|--|--------------|
| DR 6000 | The fill line is to the right. | 2495402 |
| DR 3800 | | |
| DR 2800 | | <u>10 mL</u> |
| DR 2700 | | |
| DR 5000 | The fill line is toward the user. | |
| DR 3900 | | |
| DR 900 | The orientation mark is toward the user. | 2401906 |

Before starting

Install the instrument cap on the DR 900 cell holder before ZERO or READ is pushed.

For the most accurate magnesium test results, keep the sample temperature between 21–29 °C (70–84 °F).

This test detects any calcium or magnesium contamination in the mixing cylinder, measuring droppers or sample cells. To test cleanliness, repeat the test until the results are consistent.

Total hardness in mg/L equals mg/L Ca as CaCO₃ plus mg/L Mg as CaCO₃.

Traces of EDTA or EGTA that remain from previous tests will give incorrect results. Rinse sample cells thoroughly before each use.

Review the Safety Data Sheets (MSDS/SDS) for the chemicals that are used and use any recommended personal protective equipment.

Dispose of reacted solutions according to local, state and federal regulations. Use the Safety Data Sheets for disposal information for unused reagents. Consult the environmental, health and safety staff for your facility and/or local regulatory agencies for further disposal information.

Items to collect

| Description | Quantity |
|---|----------|
| Alkali Solution, for calcium and magnesium tests | 1 mL |
| Calcium and Magnesium Indicator Solution | 1 mL |
| EDTA Solution, 1 M | 1 drop |
| EGTA Solution | 1 drop |
| Cylinder, graduated mixing, 100-mL | 1 |
| Dropper, measuring, 0.5-mL and 1.0-mL | 2 |
| Sample cells (For information about sample cells, adapters or light shields, refer to Instrument specific information on page 1.) | 3 |

Refer to Consumables and replacement items on page 5 for reorder information.

Sample collection and storage

- Collect samples in acid-washed plastic bottles.
- To preserve samples for later analysis, adjust the sample pH to less than 2 with concentrated nitric acid (about 2 mL per liter). No acid addition is necessary if the sample is tested immediately.
- Keep preserved samples at room temperature for a maximum of 6 months.
- Before analysis, adjust the pH to 3–8 with 5.0 N sodium hydroxide standard solution.
- Correct the test result for the dilution from the volume additions.

Calmagite procedure





3. Use a 1.0 mL dropper to add 1.0 mL of Calcium and Magnesium Indicator Solution.



4. Close the cylinder. Invert the cylinder several times to mix.

1. Start program 225 Hardness, Mg. For information about sample cells, adapters or light shields, refer to Instrument specific information on page 1.

Note: Although the program name may vary between instruments, the program number does not change.

2. Pour 100 mL of sample into a 100-mL graduated mixing cylinder.



5. Use a 1.0 mL dropper to add 1.0 mL of Alkali Solution for Calcium and Magnesium Test.



6. Close the cylinder. Invert the cylinder several times to mix.



7. Pour 10 mL of the solution into each of three sample cells.



8. Blank preparation: Add one drop of 1 M EDTA solution to the first sample cell.



9. Swirl to mix.



10. Magnesium sample: Add one drop of EGTA Solution to the second sample cell.



11. Swirl to mix.



12. Clean the blank.



13. Insert the blank into the cell holder.

| Zero | |
|------|--|
| | |

14. Push **ZERO**. The display shows 0.00 mg/L Mg CaCO₃.



15. Clean the prepared sample.



16. Magnesium sample: Insert the prepared magnesium sample cell into the cell holder.



17. Push **READ**. Results show in mg/L magnesium as calcium carbonate. This value is the amount of magnesium in the sample expressed as CaCO₃.



21. Calcium sample: Insert the third sample cell into the cell holder.



Start

19. Exit the magnesium

program. Start program

220 Hardness, Ca.

18. Do not remove the sample cell from the instrument. Record or select **STORE** to save the magnesium results before the next step.



22. Push **READ**. Results show in mg/L calcium as calcium carbonate. This value is the amount of calcium in the sample expressed as CaCO₃.

Interferences

| Interfering substance | Interference level |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Ca >1.0 mg/L; Mg >0.25 mg/L | For the most accurate calcium test result, run the test again on a diluted sample if the calcium is over 1.0 and the magnesium is over 0.25 mg/L as $CaCO_3$. No retesting is needed if either is below those respective concentrations. |
| Chromium (Cr ³⁺) | Above 0.25 mg/L |
| Copper (Cu ²⁺) | Above 0.75 mg/L |
| EDTA | Above 0.2 mg/L as CaCO ₃ |
| EDTA or EGTA | Traces remaining in sample cells from previous tests will give erroneous results. Rinse cells thoroughly before use. |
| Iron (Fe ²⁺) | Above 1.4 mg/L |
| Iron (Fe ³⁺) | Above 2.0 mg/L |
| Manganese (Mn ²⁺) | Above 0.20 mg/L |
| Zinc (Zn ²⁺) | Above 0.050 mg/L |

Accuracy check

Standard solution method

Use the standard solution method to validate the test procedure, reagents and instrument.



20. Push **ZERO**. The display shows 0.00 mg/L Mg CaCO₃.

Items to collect:

- 2.00 mg/L (as CaCO₃) Calcium Standard Solution
- 1. Use the test procedure to measure the concentration of the standard solution.
- 2. Compare the expected result to the actual result.

Note: The factory calibration can be adjusted slightly with the standard adjust option so that the instrument shows the expected value of the standard solution. The adjusted calibration is then used for all test results. This adjustment can increase the test accuracy when there are slight variations in the reagents or instruments.

Method performance

The method performance data that follows was derived from laboratory tests that were measured on a spectrophotometer during ideal test conditions. Users may get different results under different test conditions.

| Program | Standard | Precision (95% Confidence Interval) | Sensitivity Concentration change per 0.010 Abs change |
|---------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| 220 | 2.00 mg/L Ca | 1.90–2.10 mg/L Ca | 0.05 mg/L Ca |
| 225 | 2.00 mg/L Mg | 1.92–2.08 mg/L Mg | 0.05 mg/L Mg |

Summary of method

The colorimetric method for measuring hardness supplements the conventional titrimetric method because the colorimetric method can measure very low levels of calcium and magnesium. Also, some metals that interfere in the titrimetric method may not interfere when the sample is diluted to bring it within the range of this test. The indicator dye is calmagite, which forms a purplish-blue color in a strongly alkaline solution and changes to red when it reacts with free calcium or magnesium.

Calcium and magnesium determinations are made by chelation of calcium with EGTA to remove the red color from calcium and then chelation of calcium and magnesium with EDTA to remove the red color from both calcium and magnesium. The measurement of the red color in the different states is used to measure the calcium and magnesium concentrations. The measurement wavelength is 522 nm for spectrophotometers or 520 nm for colorimeters.

Consumables and replacement items

Required reagents

| Description | Quantity/test | Unit | ltem no. |
|--|---------------|---------------|----------|
| Hardness Reagent Set, includes: | — | 100 tests | 2319900 |
| Alkali Solution, for calcium and magnesium tests | 1 mL | 100 mL MDB | 2241732 |
| Calcium and Magnesium Indicator Solution | 1 mL | 100 mL MDB | 2241832 |
| EDTA Solution, 1 M | 2 drops | 50 mL SCDB | 2241926 |
| EGTA Solution | 1 drop | 50 mL SCDB | 2229726 |

Required apparatus

| Description | Quantity/test | Unit | ltem no. |
|--|---------------|--------|----------|
| Cylinder, graduated mixing, 100-mL , tall form | 1 | each | 2088642 |
| Dropper, measuring, 0.5 and 1.0 mL plastic | 2 | 20/pkg | 2124720 |

Optional reagents and apparatus

| Description | Unit | ltem no. |
|---|---------------|----------|
| Nitric Acid, concentrated | 500 mL | 15249 |
| Sodium Hydroxide Standard Solution, 5.0 N | 100 mL MDB | 245032 |
| Paper, pH, 0–14 pH range | 100/pkg | 2601300 |



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